

Health and Safety Management Awareness Course Summary Sheet.

- Accidents and Untoward Incidents Cost in terms of Reputation, Apathy and the Bottom Line
- Causal Factors may result in Very Minor Or Fatal Incidents occurring. The severity of the outcome is largely a matter of chance where causal factors are not controlled.
- Reducing Causal Factors reduces the likelihood of and incident occurring and reduces the likely severity of the outcome.
- Everyone at work has a legal duty to ensure health and safety in relation to the areas and activities under their control.
- The Culture and level of involvement of all within your organisation determines the level of health and safety that you get within your organisation
- Active Commitment distinguishes organisations that manage Health and Safety well from those organisations that do not
- Active Commitment makes a difference to:
 - Organisational Culture
 - The Reduction of Causal Factors
 - The Reduction of Incidents and
 - The Reduction of Cost
- Causal Factors Can be reduced by using:
 - Risk Assessments
 - Hazard Spotting
 - Inspections
 - Audits
- Root Causes (Management Controls) need to be tackled to ensure that Immediate Causes and Untoward Incidents do not re-occur.
- If week in and week out you and your team systematically identify and rectify hazards and address the root causes behind them this will dramatically reduce the levels of hazard and risk within the business and significantly reduce Cost.

Actions Required by You:

Review Risk Assessments prepared for the areas and activities under your control

Implement any Control Measures defined in those Risk Assessments

Undertake weekly hazard spots in the areas under your control

Implement management controls to prevent any hazards or risks identified, from occurring in the future